

The Time Management Matrix

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Tasks can be categorized as urgent/ not urgent or as important/ not important. Obviously these are sliding scales rather than black/ white categories but the following table maps the type-cases.

	Urgent	Not urgent
Important	Quadrant 1	Quadrant 2
	CrisesPressing problemsDeadline-driven projects	 Prevention Relationship building Recognizing new opportunities Planning, recreation
Not Important	Quadrant 3	Quadrant 4
	 Interruptions, some calls Some mail, some reports Some meetings Proximate, pressing matters Popular activities 	 Trivia, busy work Some mail Some phone calls Time wasters Pleasant activities

In <u>"First Things First"</u> by Stephen Covey with Roger Merrill and Rebecca Merrill- there is an interesting statistic worth mentioning. Where does most of your time go? High performing organizations, they say, spend 65-80 % in Quadrant 2 activities as against a mere 15 % by typical organisations. Likewise, high performing organizations spend only 15 % in Quadrant 3 activities as against a much higher 50-60 % by typical organisations.

Many of us fall into the "urgency" trap and lose sight of the tasks which are more important to us. Former President Eisenhower is supposed to have said: "What is important is seldom urgent and what is urgent is seldom important".



How you prioritize what you do has a direct impact on how you'll be.

Different people tend to focus on the different quadrants with the following results:

	Urgent	Not urgent
Important	Quadrant 1	Quadrant 2
	StressBurnoutCrisis managementAlways putting out fires	 Vision, perspective Balance Discipline Control Few crises
Not Important	Quadrant 3	Quadrant 3 and 4
	 Short-term focus Crisis management Reputation – chameleon character See goals and plans as worthless Feel victimized, out of control 	 Total irresponsibility Fired from jobs Dependent on others or institutions for basics

Based on Covey S R (1989) The Seven Habits of Highly Effective People; Simon & Schuster